### **OLYMPIC REGION CLEAN AIR AGENCY**

2940 Limited Lane NW - Olympia, Washington 98502 - 360-539-7610 -- Fax 360-491-6308

### FORM 1- NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION

TO CONSTRUCT - INSTALL - ESTABLISH OR MODIFY AN AIR CONTAMINANT SOURCE

#### Form 1 Instructions:

1. Please complete all the fields below. This NOC application is considered incomplete until signed.

2. If the application contains any confidential business information, please complete a Request of Confidentiality of Records (www orcaa org/forms).

3. Duty to Correction Application: An applicant has the duty to supplement or correct an application. Any applicant who fails to submit any relevant facts or who has submitted incorrect information in a permit application must, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit supplementary factors or corrected information.

mornation.		
Business Name:		For ORCAA use only
Murphy Company		File No: 177
Mailing Address: 2350 Prairie Road, Eugene, Oregon 97	402	Source No: 58
		Application No: 213mo1496 Date Received:
Physical Address of Project or New Source 505 Elma McCleary Road, Elma, Wash		
Billing Address:	ington 50041 5465	Received
	402	APR 1 4 2021
2350 Prairie Road, Eugene, Oregon 97		ORCAA
Project or Equipment to be installed/establi		
ORCAA request to change permit type	to Synthetic Minor	
Anticipated startup date: Currently operating	ls facility currently registered wit	h ORCAA? Yes 🗸 No
This project must meet the requirements of the final approval. Indicate the SEPA compliance of SEPA was satisfied by copy of the SEPA determination  SEPA threshold determination by copy of the environmental checklist  ORCAA is the only government agency requirement of the service of the ser	option: (government agency) (governme (governme	on// (date) - Include a nt agency) is pending - Include a
Name of Owner of Business: John Murphy		Agency Use Only
Title: President		
Email: John.Murphy@murphyplywood.com	Phone: (541) 461-4545	
Authorized Representative for Application (i	f different than owner):	
Title:		
Email:	Phone:	
I hereby certify that the information contained in knowledge, complete and correct.  Signature of Owner or Authorized Representations of the contained in the c		
& Mys	Date: 4/8/2/	
IMPORTANT: Do not send via email ORCAA must receive Original, hardcopy, so prior to processing as	signed application and payment	

### **OLYMPIC REGION CLEAN AIR AGENCY**

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### **FORM 1D- Contact Information**

Business Name Murphy Company	FOR ORCAA USE
	FILE# 177
Physical Site Address (Street address, city, state, zip)	CTY# 27
505 Elma McCleary Road, Elma, WA 98541-9439	SRC# 58
	Date Received
Previous Business Name (if applicable)	Received APR 1 4 2021
	ORCAA

**Contact Information** 

Inspection Contact Name Ben Krauss	Title Mill Manager
Phone (360) 482-2521	Email Ben.Krauss@murphyveneer.com
Billing Contact	
Name John Murphy	Title President
Phone (541) 461-4545	Email John.Murphy@murphyplywood.com
Emission Inventory Contact Name Steven LaFranchi	Title Consultant
Phone (541) 683-4997	Email gabbro@comcast.net
Complaint Contact Name Ben Krauss	Title Mill Manager
Phone (360) 482-2521	Email Ben.Krauss@murphyveneer.com
Permit Contact	
Name John Murphy	Title President
Phone (541) 461-4545	Email John.Murphy@murphyplywood.com

The **Inspection contact** is the on-site person responsible for the everyday operation of the site and is available for inspections.

The billing contact is the person invoices are sent.

The **emission inventory contact** is the person requests for emissions information and material use information are sent.

The **complaint contact** is the person who receives and responds to complaints received on-site and who is contacted regarding complaints ORCAA receives.

The permit contact is the person responsible for filling out permit applications and receiving approval from ORCAA.



Environmental Science Associates, Inc. 1450 Flintridge Avenue Eugene, Oregon 97401 Phone (541) 683-4997 FAX (541) 683-5360

April 9, 2021

Lauren Whybrew Engineer I ORCAA 2940 Limited Lane NW Olympia, WA 98502

RE: information Response to ORCAA letter of January 28, 2021. Subject: Action Required of Murphy Company.

Ms. Lauren Whybrew,

Murphy Company requested *ESA* respond to the ORCAA letter dated January 28<sup>th</sup>, 2021 and supply emission information requested in the letter.

To begin, **ESA** would like to reiterate, the Murphy Company Elma mill does not have operational capacity with the present COE M62 veneer dryer and mill configuration to emit any pollutant above major source criteria.

This fact has been true the entire time Murphy Company has owned and operated the Elma mill. Actual emissions based on Murphy Company's historic production and equipment operation have never exceeded major source criteria.

The attached spreadsheet provides data on PTE for the mill using various operating scenarios. This was done to demonstrate no operating scenario, even those that are impracticable and are not achievable would exceed PTE above major source.

The greatest amount of pollutant emitted at the mill is volatile organic compounds (VOC). VOC emissions are significant because the veneer dryer has no installed pollution control equipment. Even a scenario of 100% heart production for 8760 hours, the mill has a PTE of less than 70 tons per year VOC. This scenario is not practicable and no mill in the United States operates in a similar manner.

For example, annual green veneer production in the COE M62 dryer has not exceeded 72,000 Msf 3/8" basis during the entire time Murphy Company has owned the mill. The PTE in the supplied spreadsheet, where dryer throughput is 100% heart yields an

annual production of 103,368 Msf 3/8". This production level cannot be achieved for the following reasons.

The PTE production is based on 8760 hours of operation per year. Standard operation of the veneer dryer requires an 8-hour shutdown per week for maintenance of the dryer. In addition, the dryer loses production during periods of shift-change and operational changes such as preparing for change from heart to sap. Historic records demonstrate the dryer in down during these periods on average 175 hours per year.

Green veneer production is also limited by the hours required to complete redry processing. Redry consists of green veneer that has passed through the veneer dryer once yet still contains moisture above the target for dried veneer. Most veneer is typically dried to 3-5% moisture to prevent blows and optimize glue adhesion. In general, approximately 10% of green veneer dried requires another pass through the veneer dryer. This reflects attempts to avoid over drying the green veneer and scorching or hard casing the veneer which again can adversely impact the glue bond when producing plywood or laminated veneer lumber.

Redry has nearly achieved the correct moisture content therefore when run through the dryer a second time is not dried at the same high-temperatures as green veneer. Veneer redry is performed in the COE M62 at temperatures of approximately 180 degrees F. Green veneer dryer temperatures average between 300-310 degrees F for Douglas-fir heart and 370-380 degrees F for Douglas-fir sap.

The higher temperatures for drying sap are necessary to remove the excess water versus heart. Average moisture of heart is 37% while sap is 70%. This explains why sap throughput is substantially less and dryer temperatures higher than typical for heart. More heat and time are required to dry sap veneer. This explains the lower veneer dryer production rates for sap vs. heart.

To demonstrate VOC off-gassing occurs rapidly during the first pass of green veneer through the dryer, the recent source test is illustrative. Heart VOC emissions decreased from the infeed, near Stack 1 to Stack 4 nearest the outfeed, from 0.278, 0.425, 0.218 and 0.131 lb/M 3/8" basis. Heart VOC emissions were highest in zone 2 (Stack 2) after the veneer had heated up in the first zone and the removal of moisture allowed the temperature of the veneer to increase, driving off VOCs.

Sap VOC emissions likewise decreased from infeed and Stack 1, to Stack 4, nearest the outfeed, from 0.492, 0.483, 0.306 and finally 0.030 lb/M 3/8" basis.

Because redry veneer has already passed through the dryer once at temperatures above vapor pressure of the primary low temp volatile organic constituents, beta pinene and alpha pinene (0-212 F), the second, low temperature <180 degrees F, redry pass emits negligible VOCs.

Although the annual hours used to calculate PTE were 8760, the actual maximum hours per year the mill runs green veneer in the COE M62 is 8760 Hrs. less 416 Hrs. (8 Hr. veneer dryer maintenance shutdowns weekly) less 800 Hrs. (average redry hours per year) and 175 Hrs. of average downtime annually. This leaves operational hours for drying green veneer of 7,369 hours annually.

This explanation helps demonstrate the PTE numbers are exaggerated above actual plant capability by approximately 9 tons per year (100% Heart @ 8760 Hrs. vs. actual mill design operation of 7369 Hs).

During the period Murphy Company has owned the Elma mill, no resinous softwoods (i.e., pine) have been dried. The emission factor used by ORCAA is based on AP42 with data representative of resinous pine emissions and not non-resinous west coast Douglas-fir.

Murphy Company purchased the Elma mill to provide high-quality Douglas-fir veneer for use in their laminated veneer lumber mill and high-quality structural panels. Pine is not utilized for this purpose. Across all Murphy Company mills encompassing some ten veneer dryers, less than 6000 Msf 3/8" of pine are dried out of a volume exceeding 690,000 Msf 3/8" or less than 8/10's of 1 percent.

Utilizing any production scenario possible, 100% sap, 100% heart, and utilizing 8760 operating hours scenario (an impossible metric) the mill could not exceed an annual emission rate of 100 tons for VOC.

The ORCAA determination Murphy Company has actual emissions of regulated pollutants above major source thresholds is not feasible under operating scenarios the mill can achieve with the current operational design. Without changing plant equipment this mill cannot exceed 100 tons of VOC on an annual basis. Even completing the exercise of running 100% pine using actual operational design demonstrates the mill PTE is below major source at approximately 90 Tons/Yr VOC.

Again, Murphy Company has never run pine at this mill and has no intention of doing so. But again, the calculations demonstrate the mill would not be a major source using AP42 factors.

On March 15, 2021 you sent an email pdf attachment depicting PM PTE emissions of 126.2 tons per year. The calculations are erroneous based a couple of factors.

1. The veneer dryer capacity is not 109,500 Msf 3/8' per year. At best the mill average maximum hourly rate is 11,800 Msf 3/8" (average calculated over many years) times 8760 Hrs. (impossible) yields and annual production of 103,368 Msf 3/8". This production rate is not possible due to the weekly maintenance, redry,

and proportion of sap/heart in the green veneer feedstock.

The PM emission rate using the 103,368 Msf 3/8" would produce annual PM emissions from the veneer dryer of 19.5 tons. Using actual, achievable annual production rates, maximum yearly PM for the dryer would not exceed 29.5 tons/yr.

2. There is only one cyclone operating at the mill. The fishtail cyclone processes approximately 40 BDT of green wood sawdust per year. The airflow rate is 2,600 ACFM not 26,422 ACFM. Using a medium efficiency rate for the cyclone of 0.5 lb/BDT (Oregon AQP-010) the emissions of PM total 0.01 tons/yr. The mill cuts 30 units per day, a cut takes 3 minutes, and the blower operates for 3.5 minutes per fishtail unit. This means the fishtail saw runs at most runs 38,325 minutes per year (638.75 hours). These variables indicate the grain loading would be below 0.001 gr/dscf.

WAC 173-401-200 (19) (a) and (b) EPA defines a major source as a facility that has the potential to emit 100 tons/yr or more of any criteria pollutant or 10 tons/yr or more of any single HAP or 25 tons/yr or more of combined HAPs. This facility is not a major source of emissions based on these criteria. The support for this determination can be found within the attached emission calculations spreadsheets.

In addition, mill PTE under actual physical and operational design is well below major source criteria. According to WAC 173-401-200 (24), "Potential to emit" means the maximum capacity of a stationary source to emit any air pollutant under its physical and operational design."

The operational design of this veneer dryer, including mandatory maintenance, operational shutdowns and redry hours preclude the veneer dryer emissions contributing sufficient VOC for the mill to attain major source criteria.

EPA defines a synthetic minor as a source that otherwise has the potential to emit regulated NSR pollutants in amounts that are at or above the thresholds for major sources in 40 CFR 49.167, 40 CFR 52.21 or 40 CFR 71.2, as applicable, but has taken a restriction so that its PTE is less than such amounts for major sources. Such restrictions must be enforceable as a practical matter (as defined in 40 CFR 49.152).

And a "Synthetic minor Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) source" means a source that otherwise has the potential to emit HAPs in amounts that are at or above those for major sources of HAP in 40 CFR 63.2, but that have taken a restriction so that its PTE is less than such amounts for major sources. Such restrictions must be enforceable as a practical matter.

A source that has potential to emit at the major source levels but accepts a PSEL below major source levels is called a synthetic minor (SM). This source does not have the potential to emit at major source levels; therefore, does not qualify as a synthetic minor candidate. The basis for this determination can be found within the attached emissions.

None of the PTE operating scenarios demonstrate the Murphy Company mill achieves the necessary threshold limits to qualify for a Synthetic Minor category permit as no operational restriction is required to remain below major source thresholds with the current mill configuration.

Murphy Company is providing the requested information in the ORCAA letter dated January 28<sup>th</sup>, 2021 with the intent of continuing clarification and dialogue on this matter. Murphy Company does not believe the mill qualifies as a major source or for a "synthetic minor regulatory order" as the mill has not in the past, nor can the mill exceed major source criteria in the future with the current mill configuration.

Murphy Company respectfully requests ORCAA provide information demonstrating how the Murphy Elma mill as designed is currently a major source. If a Synthetic Minor Order (SMO) under WAC 173-400-091 is demonstrated as necessary, Murphy Company would certainly request a voluntarily limit on production or operation such that emissions remain below major source criteria.

We look forward to hearing from you on this matter at your earliest convenience to reach consensus and resolution.

Sincerely,

Steven LaFranchi

Environmental Science Associates, Inc.

Cc: John Murphy

Emission Source Operating Parameters - Mix Heart/Sap 87	760 Hrs	Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Emissions tons/year
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Annual Hours of Operation 8760					
Heart Production (Max Avg. 11,800 ft <sup>2</sup> /Hr	)				
53,8 Douglas fir 61 % Heart Production 4560 Hrs/Year	808 Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.05 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.062 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	13.4 17.2 3.2 28.2 1.2 0.1 1.1 1.8 1.7
Sap Production (Max Avg 8,150 ft <sup>2</sup> /Hr)		D14/D14 /D14		45.40	0.5
34,2 Douglas fir 39% Sap Production 4200 Hrs/Year  Total Production 88,126.038 Msf 3/8"	230 Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.31 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.0654 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	8.5 11.0 2.1 22.4 0.8 0.0 0.7 1.1 1.1
Cleaver-Brooks Natural Gas Boiler					
2	250 MMft <sup>3</sup> /yr	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> CO VOC	7.6 lb/MMcf 0.6 lb/MMcf 100 lb/MMcf 84 lb/MMcf 5.5 lb/MMcf	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42	1.0 0.1 12.5 10.5 0.7
Log Conditioning 285,0	000 MSF 3/8"	Alpha-pinene Beta-pinene Methanol Acetaldehyde	0.056 Msf 3/8" 0.0064 Msf 3/8" 0.0073 Msf 3/8" 0.0047 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 Total VOC (VOC+M+A)	7.98 0.91 1.04 <u>0.67</u> 10.60
Fish Tail Cyclone	40 BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.5 lbv/BDT 0.43 lbv/BDT 0.25 lbv/BDT	Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010	0.01 0.01 0.01
Chip/Bark Bins:	000 BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.06 lb/BDT 0.03 lb/BDT 0.01 lb/BDT	EPA EPA Engineering estimate	1.6 0.7 0.3
Debarker	000 Tons	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.02 lbs/tons logs 0.011 lbs/tons logs 0.00165 lbs/tons logs	EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) Engineering factor 15% of PM <sub>10</sub>	1.1 0.6 0.1

70 million board feet logs =5,833,333 ft3
$5,833,333 \times 39 \text{ lb/ft3} = 227,500,000 \text{ lbs}$
227,500,000/2000 = 113,750 tons

Total Emissions:	Tons/Yr	
PM	32.0	
PM <sub>10</sub>	26.1	
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	21.2	
VOC	64.0	
NOx	17.8	
CO	38.7	
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.1	

HAP Emissions	Tons/Yr
Methanol	2.9
Formaldehyde	2.9
Acetaldehyde	3.5
Acrolein	0.4
Total HAP	9.7

Emission Source Operating Parameters - 100% Heart 8760 Hrs		Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Emissions tons/year
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Annual Hours of Operation 8760					
Heart Production (Max Avg. 11,800 ft²/Hr)		PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.499 Msf 3/8"	AP-42	25.8
Douglas fir 100% Heart Production 8760 Hrs/Yr	Msf 3/8"	CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.05 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.062 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	33.1 6.2 54.3 2.3 0.1 2.2 3.5 3.2 0.5
Douglas fir Sap Production (Max Avg 8,150 ft²/Hr)	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42	0.0 0.0
Total Production 100% Heart - 103,368 Msf 3/8		NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.31 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.0654 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Cleaver-Brooks Natural Gas Boiler 250	MMft <sup>3</sup> /yr	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> CO VOC	7.6 lb/MMcf 0.6 lb/MMcf 100 lb/MMcf 84 lb/MMcf 5.5 lb/MMcf	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42	1.0 0.1 12.5 10.5 0.7
Log Conditioning 285,000 M	MSF 3/8"	Alpha-pinene Beta-pinene Methanol Acetaldehyde	0.056 Msf 3/8" 0.0064 Msf 3/8" 0.0073 Msf 3/8" 0.0047 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 Total VOC (VOC+M+A)	7.98 0.91 1.04 <u>0.67</u> 10.60
Fish Tail Cyclone 40 E	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.5 lbv/BDT 0.43 lbv/BDT 0.25 lbv/BDT	Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010	0.01 0.01 0.01
Chip/Bark Bins 50,000 E	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.06 lb/BDT 0.03 lb/BDT 0.01 lb/BDT	EPA EPA Engineering estimate	1.6 0.7 0.3
Debarker		PM PM <sub>10</sub>	0.02 lbs/tons logs 0.011 lbs/tons logs	EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995)	1.1 0.6
114,000	Tons	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00165 lbs/tons logs	Engineering factor 15% of PM <sub>10</sub>	0.1

Total Emissions:	Tons/Yr
PM	35.8
PM <sub>10</sub>	29.9
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	24.6
VOC	68.0
NOx	18.7
CO	43.6
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.1

HAP Emissions	Tons/Yr
Methanol	3.2
Formaldehyde	3.5
Acetaldehyde	3.9
Acrolein	0.5
Total HAP	11.0

Emission Source Operating Parameters - 100% Sap 8760 Hrs		Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Emissions
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Annual Hours of Operation 8760					tons/year
Heart Production (Max Avg. 11,800 ft²/Hr)					
	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.05 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.062 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Sap Production (Max Avg 8,150 ft²/Hr)		DM/DM /DM	0.400 Mart 2/0"	AD 42	47.0
71,394 Total Production 100% Sap 71,394 Msf 3/8"	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.31 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.0654 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	17.8 22.8 4.3 46.8 1.6 0.1 1.5 2.4 2.3 0.3
Cleaver-Brooks Natural Gas Boiler		PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub>	7.6 lb/MMcf	AP-42	1.0
250	MMft <sup>3</sup> /yr	SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> CO VOC	0.6 lb/MMcf 100 lb/MMcf 84 lb/MMcf 5.5 lb/MMcf	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42	0.1 12.5 10.5 0.7
Log Conditioning 285,000	MSF 3/8"	Alpha-pinene Beta-pinene Methanol Acetaldehyde	0.056 Msf 3/8" 0.0064 Msf 3/8" 0.0073 Msf 3/8" 0.0047 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 Total VOC (VOC+M+A)	7.98 0.91 1.04 <u>0.67</u> 10.60
Fish Tail Cyclone 40	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.5 lbv/BDT 0.43 lbv/BDT 0.25 lbv/BDT	Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010	0.01 0.01 0.01
Chip/Bark Bins					
	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.06 lb/BDT 0.03 lb/BDT 0.01 lb/BDT	EPA EPA Engineering estimate	1.6 0.7 0.3
Debarker		PM PM <sub>10</sub>	0.02 lbs/tons logs 0.011 lbs/tons logs	EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995)	1.1 0.6
114,000	Tons	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00165 lbs/tons logs	Engineering factor 15% of PM <sub>10</sub>	0.1

Total Emissions:	Tons/Yr	
PM	27.8	
PM <sub>10</sub>	21.9	
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	17.4	
VOC	59.7	
NOx	16.8	
СО	33.3	
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.1	

HAP Emissions	Tons/Yr
Methanol	2.5
Formaldehyde	2.4
Acetaldehyde	3.0
Acrolein	0.3
Total HAP	8.2

Emission Source Operating Parameters		Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Emissions
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Annual Hours of Operation 7369 (Doesn't Include 8 416 Hrs Maintenance & 175 Hrs downtime Heart Production (Max Avg. 11,800 ft²/Hr)	800 Hrs Redry)				tons/year
Douglas fir Heart Production 3835 Hrs/Yr Heart Production 61%	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.05 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.062 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	11.0 14.1 2.6 23.2 1.0 0.1 0.9 1.5 1.4
Sap Production (Max Avg 8,150 ft²/Hr)  28,802  Total Production Actual Design Operation Heart + Sap = 72,905.1 Msf 3/8"  Redry = 8,400 Msf 3/8"	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.31 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.0654 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	7.2 9.2 1.7 18.9 0.6 0.0 0.6 1.0 0.9
Cleaver-Brooks Natural Gas Boiler 250	MMft <sup>3</sup> /yr	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> CO VOC	7.6 lb/MMcf 0.6 lb/MMcf 100 lb/MMcf 84 lb/MMcf 5.5 lb/MMcf	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42	1.0 0.1 12.5 10.5 0.7
Log Conditioning 285,000	MSF 3/8"	Alpha-pinene Beta-pinene Methanol Acetaldehyde	0.056 Msf 3/8" 0.0064 Msf 3/8" 0.0073 Msf 3/8" 0.0047 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 Total VOC (VOC+M+A)	7.98 0.91 1.04 0.67 0.00 10.60
Fish Tail Cyclone	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.5 lbv/BDT 0.43 lbv/BDT 0.25 lbv/BDT	Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010	0.01 0.01 0.01
Chip/Bark Bins					
50,000	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.06 lb/BDT 0.03 lb/BDT 0.01 lb/BDT	EPA EPA Engineering estimate	1.6 0.7 0.3
<b>Debarker</b> 114,000	Tons	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.02 lbs/tons logs 0.011 lbs/tons logs 0.00165 lbs/tons logs	EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) Engineering factor 15% of PM <sub>10</sub>	1.1 0.6 0.1
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Redry Production (Avg. 10,500 ft²/Hr)					
800 Hours Annual  8,400	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.124 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 0.03 Msf 3/8" 0.011 Msf 3/8" 0.0007 Msf 3/8" 0.0104 Msf 3/8" 0.0167 Msf 3/8" 0.0155 Msf 3/8" 0.0023 Msf 3/8"	Engineering estimate AP-42 AP-42 Engineering estimate	0.5 2.7 0.5 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1

Total Emissions:	Tons/Yr
PM	28.7
PM <sub>10</sub>	25.0
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	18.3
VOC	55.2
NOx	17.4
CO	36.5
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.1

HAP EMISSIONS	TONS/YF
Methanol	2.6
Formaldehyde	2.5
Acetaldehyde	3.0
Acrolein	0.3
Total HAP	8.5

Emission Source Operating Parameters		Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Emissions tons/year
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Annual Hours of Operation 7369 (Doesn't li 416 Hrs Maintenance & 175 Hrs downtime Heart Production (Max Avg. 11,800 ft²/Hr)	nclude 800 Hrs Redry)				
	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 1.05 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.062 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Pine Production (Max Avg 8,150 ft <sup>2</sup> /Hr)		DWDM (DM		15.40	
60,057 100% Pine Production 60,057.35 Msf 3/8" Redry = 8,400 Msf 3/8"	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOx VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.499 Msf 3/8" 0.64 Msf 3/8" 0.12 Msf 3/8" 2.5 Msf 3/8" 0.044 Msf 3/8" 0.0026 Msf 3/8" 0.0417 Msf 3/8" 0.0669 Msf 3/8" 0.0654 Msf 3/8" 0.009 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 2020 Source Test EPA R10 AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C) AP-42 (H&C)	15.0 19.2 3.6 75.1 1.3 0.1 1.3 2.0 2.0
Cleaver-Brooks Natural Gas Boiler					
	MMft <sup>3</sup> /yr	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> CO VOC	7.6 lb/MMcf 0.6 lb/MMcf 100 lb/MMcf 84 lb/MMcf 5.5 lb/MMcf	AP-42 AP-42 AP-42 AP-42	1.0 0.1 12.5 10.5 0.7
Log Conditioning 285,000	MSF 3/8"	Alpha-pinene Beta-pinene Methanol Acetaldehyde	0.056 Msf 3/8" 0.0064 Msf 3/8" 0.0073 Msf 3/8" 0.0047 Msf 3/8"	AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 AP-42 Table 10.5-7 Total VOC (VOC+M+A)	7.98 0.91 1.04 <u>0.67</u> 10.60
Fish Tail Cyclone	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.5 lbv/BDT 0.43 lbv/BDT 0.25 lbv/BDT	Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010 Oregon DEQ AQGP-010	0.01 0.01 0.01
Chip/Bark Bins					
50,000	BDT/year	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.06 lb/BDT 0.03 lb/BDT 0.01 lb/BDT	EPA EPA Engineering estimate	1.6 0.7 0.3
Debarker	Tons	PM PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>25</sub>	0.02 lbs/tons logs 0.011 lbs/tons logs 0.00165 lbs/tons logs	EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) EPA 454-R-R-95-012 (1995) Engineering factor 15% of PM <sub>10</sub>	1.1 0.6 0.1
COE M62 Jet Veneer Dryer Redry Production (Avg. 10,500 ft <sup>2</sup> /Hr) 800 Hours Annual					
	Msf 3/8"	PM/PM <sub>10</sub> /PM <sub>2.5</sub> CO NOX VOC (Heated Section) VOC (Cooling Section) VOC (Fugitives) Methanol Formaldehyde Acetaldehyde Acrolein	0.101 Msf 3/8"  0.64 Msf 3/8"  0.12 Msf 3/8"  0.51 Msf 3/8"  0.018 Msf 3/8"  0.0060 Msf 3/8"  0.0104 Msf 3/8"  0.0167 Msf 3/8"  0.0155 Msf 3/8"  0.0023 Msf 3/8"	Engineering estimate AP-42 AP-42 Engineering estimate	0.4 1.3 0.3 2.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1

Tons/Yr	
25.4	
19.5	
15.3	
90.0	
16.4	
31.1	
0.1	
	25.4 19.5 15.3 90.0 16.4 31.1

HAP Emissions	Tons/Yr
Methanol	2.3
Formaldehyde	2.1
Acetaldehyde	2.7
Acrolein	0.3
Total HAP	7.4

VEHICLE [	DATA - PAVED	ROAD	Ente	er Schedule a	VMT/yr		
Enter Vehicle Name	Class	Enter Vehicle Wt. Tons Avg of Loaded + Unloaded	Number of Trips per Day	Enter Number of Days per Week	Enter Number of Weeks per Year	Enter Miles Round Trip (Paved)	VMT/Yr
Log Trucks Truck		28.8	50	5	51	0.3	3825
Chip Trucks	Truck 34.8		20	5	51	0.3	1530
Bark Trucks	Truck	25.3	14	5	51	0.3	1071
Core Trucks	Truck	43.1	7	5	51	0.3	536
Veneer Trucks	Truck	28.3	16	5	51	0.2	816
Veneer Trucks Maxis	Truck	35.1	35	5	51	0.2	1785
Fork Lifts	Fork Lift	14.3	159	5	51	0.1	4055
950 Loader	Heavy Equipment	20.2	461	5	51	0.1	11756
Shovel log loader	Heavy Equipment	65.3	1.7	5	51	0.01	4
Bobcat	Utility	3.0	27	5	51	0.1	689
Total (W) Mean Veh	icle Wt. Tons	29.8				Total VMT/Yr	26065

VEHICLE DA	Ente	er Schedule a	VMT/yr				
Enter Vehicle Name Class Wt. Tons of Loade		I WI Lone Ava I		Number of Trips per Day Enter Enter Number of Days per Weeks per Year		Enter Miles Round Trip (Paved)	VMT/Yr
988 Loader	Heavy Equipment	74.2	59	5	51	0.3	4514
Total (W) Mean Veh	nicle Wt. Tons	74.2				Total VMT/Yr	4514

cle Emissions	- Paved Road		1					T	1	
Pollutant	Silt Loading %	Particle Size Multiplier	Constant	Constant	Paving Controls	Emission Factor Uncontrolled	# Days >0.01 inch Precipitation	% Control	Emission Factor Control	Actual Emissions T/Yr
	sL	k	а	b	Р	Р	Р		lb/VMT	
РМ	8.4	4.9	0.7	0.45	90%	1.07	182	75%	0.1	1.8
PM <sub>10</sub>	8.4	1.5	0.9	0.45	90%	0.3	182	75%	0.04	0.5
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	8.4	0.15	0.9	0.45	90%	0.03	182	75%	0.00	0.05

ehicle Emissions - l	Unpaved Roads L	ogyard		,						
Pollutant	Silt Loading %	Particle Size Multiplier	Constant	Constant	Paving Controls	Emission Factor Uncontrolled	# Days >0.01 inch Precipitation	% Control	Emission Factor Control	Actual Emissions T/Yr
	sL	k	а	b	Р	Р	Р		lb/VMT	
PM	8.4	4.9	0.7	0.45	NA	16.17	182	75%	2.0	4.6
PM <sub>10</sub>	8.4	1.5	0.9	0.45	NA	4.61	182	75%	0.58	1.3
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	8.4	0.15	0.9	0.45	NA	0.05	182	75%	0.01	0.03

Unpaved Road Emissions AP42 13.2.2 (11/2006)

Emission Factor lb/VMT Equation:

E uncontrolled = [ k (sL/12) ^a x (W/3) ^b ] (1 – P/4N)

E = particulate emission factor (having units matching the units of k)

k = particle size multiplier for particle size range and units of interest (Table 13.2.1-1)

sL = road surface silt loading (grams per square meter) (g/m²)

W = average weight (tons) of the vehicles traveling the road
where k , sL, W, and S are as defined in Equation 1 and Eext = annual or other long-term average emission factor in the same units as k,
P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.254 mm (0.01 in) of precipitation during the averaging period
N = number of days in the averaging period (e.g., 365 for annual, 91 for seasonal, 30 for monthly

Changes to methodology include using unpaved emission factor equation with a 90% control efficiency for paving. Additional control efficiency applied for water application, vacuum sweeping and broom sweeping.

#### Fishtail sawdust weight calc.

Fishtail Dimensions Fishtail Prod.

Height 28 inches Fishtail Prod. 30 units per day

Width 50 inches Operating days 255 days

length 102 inches

142800 inches cubed

Fishtail Weight average 3585 lbs Kerf weight dry 37.7 Bone dry tons per year

Kerf weight dry

75419.44 lbs per year

Kerf dimensions

Cubic area

Height 28 inches
Width 50 inches
Saw kerf 0.5 inches

Cubic area 700 inches cubed

Kerf% of Fishtail 0.004901961

Avg. kerf weight green 17.57 lbs

Moisture 43.90% Bone dry ton 2000 lbs

Avg. kerf weight dry 9.86 lbs